GrowerFacts



₋avandula Stoechas™

(Lavender stoechas)

Propagation

- Choose a well-drained medium with an EC of 0.75
- to 0.80 mmhos and a pH of 5.8 to 6.2. Stick cuttings within 12 to 24 hours of arrival. Cuttings can be stored overnight, if necessary, at 45 to 50°F (7 to 10°C).
- Soil temperature should be maintained at 68 to 73° F (20 to 24°C) until roots are visible.
- A rooting hormone can be applied to promote early, uniform rooting.
- Lavender prefers high humidity over mist. Keep under low mist or place cuttings under a tent and mist periodically each hour for 7 to 10 days to maintain turgidity. Avoid over-application of mist.
- Begin fertilization with 50 to 75 ppm N when roots become visible.
- During root development maintain moderate moisture levels in the soil. Avoid saturation of
- Bella Lavender can be pinched after roots have been established. Be sure to leave 4 or 5 active internodes.
- **Bella** Lavender rooted cuttings should be ready for transplanting 42 to 56 days after sticking.

Growing On to Finish

Media

- · Use media with good aeration and drainage.
- Like most Lavender, the Bella series prefers a medium that will dry regularly between watering.
- A pH of 5.8 to 6.2 is optimum.

Temperature

- Nights: 56 to 64°F (13 to 18°C)
 Days: 65 to 76°F (18 to 24°C)
- Temperatures below those recommended will slow plant growth significantly.
- An average daily temperature of 70°F (21°C) is optimal, but plants will tolerate a wide range of warm temperatures.
- Bella Lavender does not require a cold treatment for flowering.

Light

- Bella Lavender will perform best under moderate to high light levels of 5,000 to 8,000 f.c. (50,000 to 80,000 Lux).
- Plants grown under long days (>16 hr day lengths) will generally flower more uniformly.

Watering

- The media should be allowed to dry regularly between watering and never saturated. However, plants should not be allowed to wilt at anytime.
- Leach regularly to avoid the buildup of high soluble salt levels.

Fertilizer

Use a balanced fertilizer at a rate of 100 to 175 ppm. Periodic use of a calcium based fertilizer should help optimize the nutrient levels in Bella Lavender.

Pinching

Bella Lavender should be pinched once for smaller pot sizes, and twice for larger containers. Pinch as soon as the plants are well-rooted. Pinching will maximize branching and create a more full plant.

Controlling Growth

- · Under most conditions, Bella Lavender will not require growth regulator treatments.
- **Bella** Lavender is responsive to B-Nine at 1,500 to 4,000 ppm if needed
- These recommendations for plant growth regulators should be used only as general guidelines. Growers must trial all chemicals under their particular conditions.

Common Problems

Insects: Thrips, whitefly, aphids, fungus gnats

Diseases: Bella Lavender is relatively disease free. Thielaviopsis, Pythium, and Rhizoctonia can result from over watering

All **Bella** Lavender cuttings are derived from culture and virus-indexed stock from the Ball Certified Plants® program.

Problem: Plant collapse

Causes: Plants grown in saturated media for extended periods of time (Pythium, Thielaviopsis); Rooted cuttings transplanted too deeply

Problem: Excessive vegetative growth and lack of flowers

Causes: Excessive ammonium-based fertilizer; Overfertilization under low light conditions; Low light and over-watering; saturated media

Problem: Yellowing of young foliage

Causes: Saturated media

Problem: Foliage necrosis

Causes: High soluble salts in media; Excessive water

stress

Problem: Poor branching and thin plants

Causes: Low fertilization during early stages of

growth; Low light conditions

Bella Lavender Crop Schedule & Uses

Unrooted cutting:

4-In. (10-Cm) Pot 1 PP* 12 - 15 weeks 6-In. (15-Cm) Pots 1–3 PP* 14 - 16 weeks 10–12-In. (25–30-Cm) Pots 3–5 PP* 15 - 17 weeks

Rooted cutting:

4-In. (10-Cm) Pot 1 PP* 7 - 10 weeks 6-In. (15-Cm) Pots 1–3 PP* 9 - 11 weeks 10–12-In. (25–30-Cm) Pots 3–5 PP* 10 - 12 weeks

*PP: Plants per pot or basket

Note: Growers should use the information presented here as a starting point. Crop times will vary depending on the climate, location, time of year and greenhouse environmental conditions.

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